


# **Differentiating and Understanding the Mehlich 3, Bray, and Olsen Soil Phosphorus Tests**



**Dr. John E. Sawyer**

**Soil Fertility Extension Specialist**

**Iowa State University**


**IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY**  
University Extension

# The Four Components of Soil Testing



- **Field Sampling**
- **Extraction and Chemical Analysis**
- **Interpreting the Analytical Results**
- **Making the Fertilizer Recommendation**

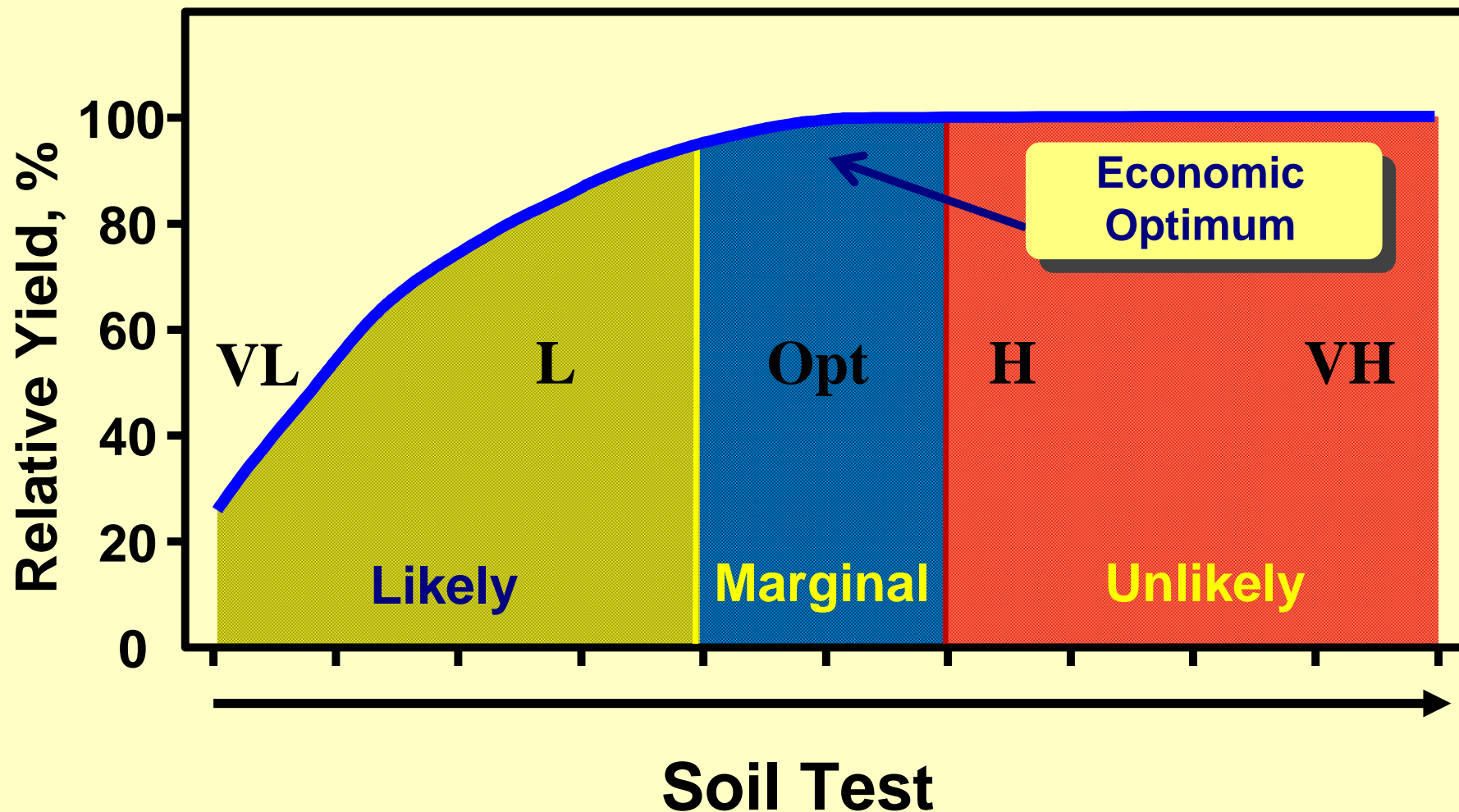
# What are the Laboratory Components in a Soil Test Method



- Soil preparation and sampling
- Extractant
- Extraction procedure
- Chemical analysis method (measurement)
- *(Result interpretation)*

# Soil Test Interpretation

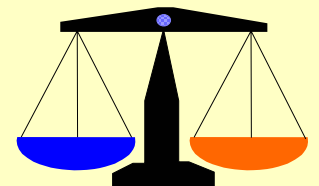
## Index of Availability and Crop Response



# Laboratory Method for Phosphorus

- Grind soil
- Measure 2 g soil into 50 ml flask (125 ml for Olsen)
- Add 20 ml extraction solution (40 ml for Olsen)
- Shake for 5 minutes (30 min for Olsen)
- Filter through filter paper
- Determine P concentration by colorimetric procedure -- Ascorbic Acid Method

NCR 221 (Rev.)




# Phosphorus Test Extractants

- **Bray 1-P Extractant (Bray & Kurtz, 1945)**
  - ❖ **0.025 M HCl; 0.03 M NH<sub>4</sub>F**
- **Mehlich-3 Extractant (Mehlich, 1984)**
  - ❖ **0.2 N acetic acid; 0.25 N NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>; 0.015 NH<sub>4</sub>F; 0.013 N HNO<sub>3</sub>; 0.001 M EDTA**
- **Olsen Extractant (Olsen et al., 1954)**
  - ❖ **0.5 M NaHCO<sub>3</sub>**

# P Extraction with Dilute Acid Fluoride (Bray)

- **Acid soils**
  - ❖ Fluoride ion promotes P desorption by decreasing aluminum activity by forming aluminum - fluoride complexes
- **Highly calcareous soils**
  - ❖ Acid neutralized by calcium carbonate and  $\text{CaF}_2$  is formed
  - ❖ This is when Bray results in false low values

# P Extraction with Dilute Acids and Fluoride (Mehlich)



- **Acid soils**
  - ❖ **Similar to Bray**
- **Highly calcareous soils**
  - ❖ **? Variety and stronger acids than Bray**
  - ❖ **? More buffered solution**



# **P Extraction with Buffered Alkaline Solution (Olsen)**

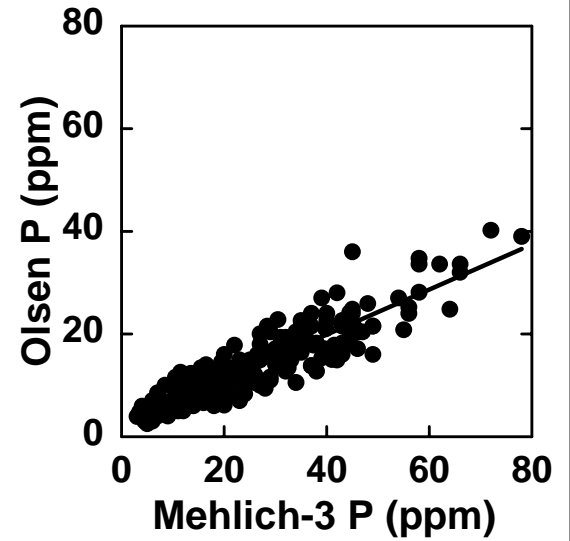
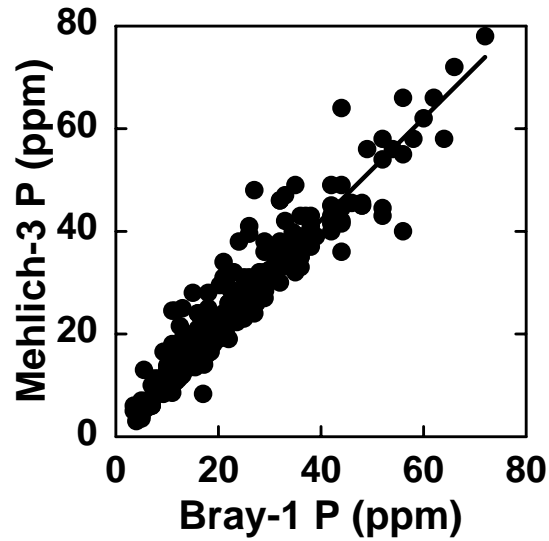
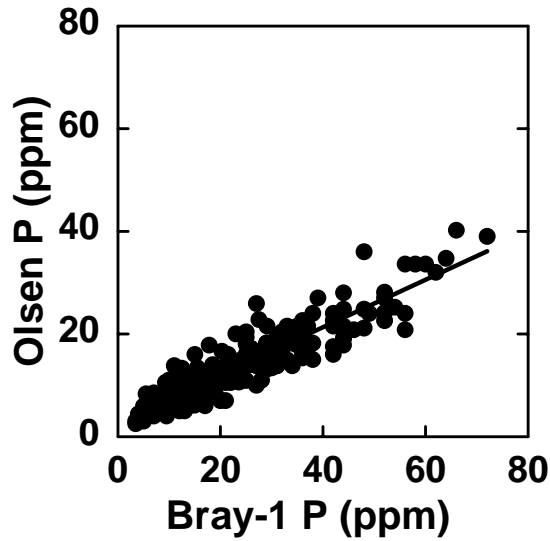
---

- **NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution decreases concentration and activity of Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup> and increases P solubility**

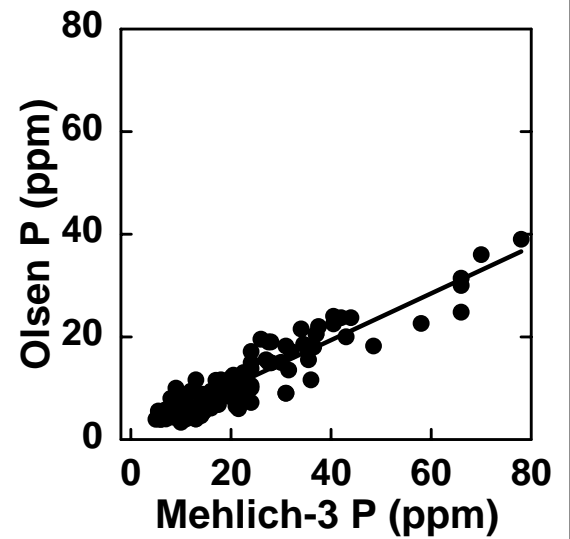
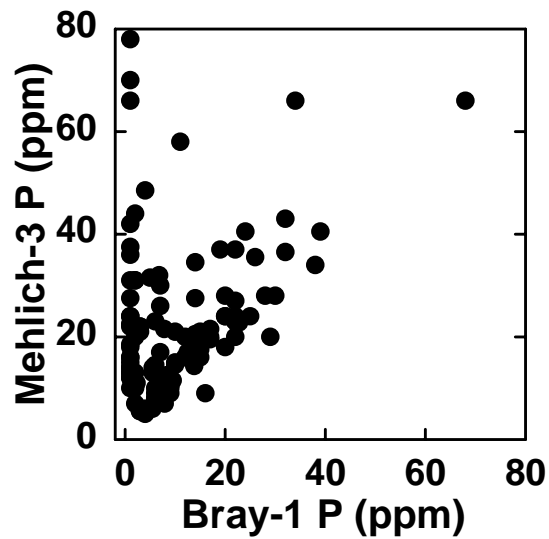
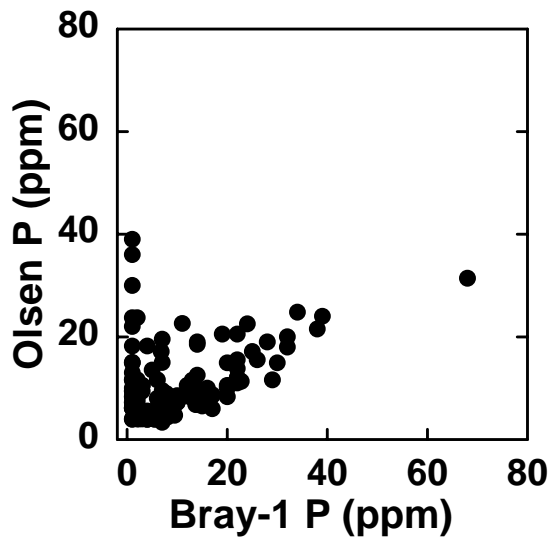
# Phosphorus Soil Test Reproducibility

- **Bray 1-P**
  - ❖  $\pm 10\%$  (dry soil basis)
  - ❖ 1 ppm detection limit
- **Mehlich 3**
  - ❖  $\pm 10\%$  (dry soil basis)
  - ❖ 1 ppm detection limit
- **Olsen**
  - ❖  $\pm 12\%$  (dry soil basis)
  - ❖ 2 ppm detection limit

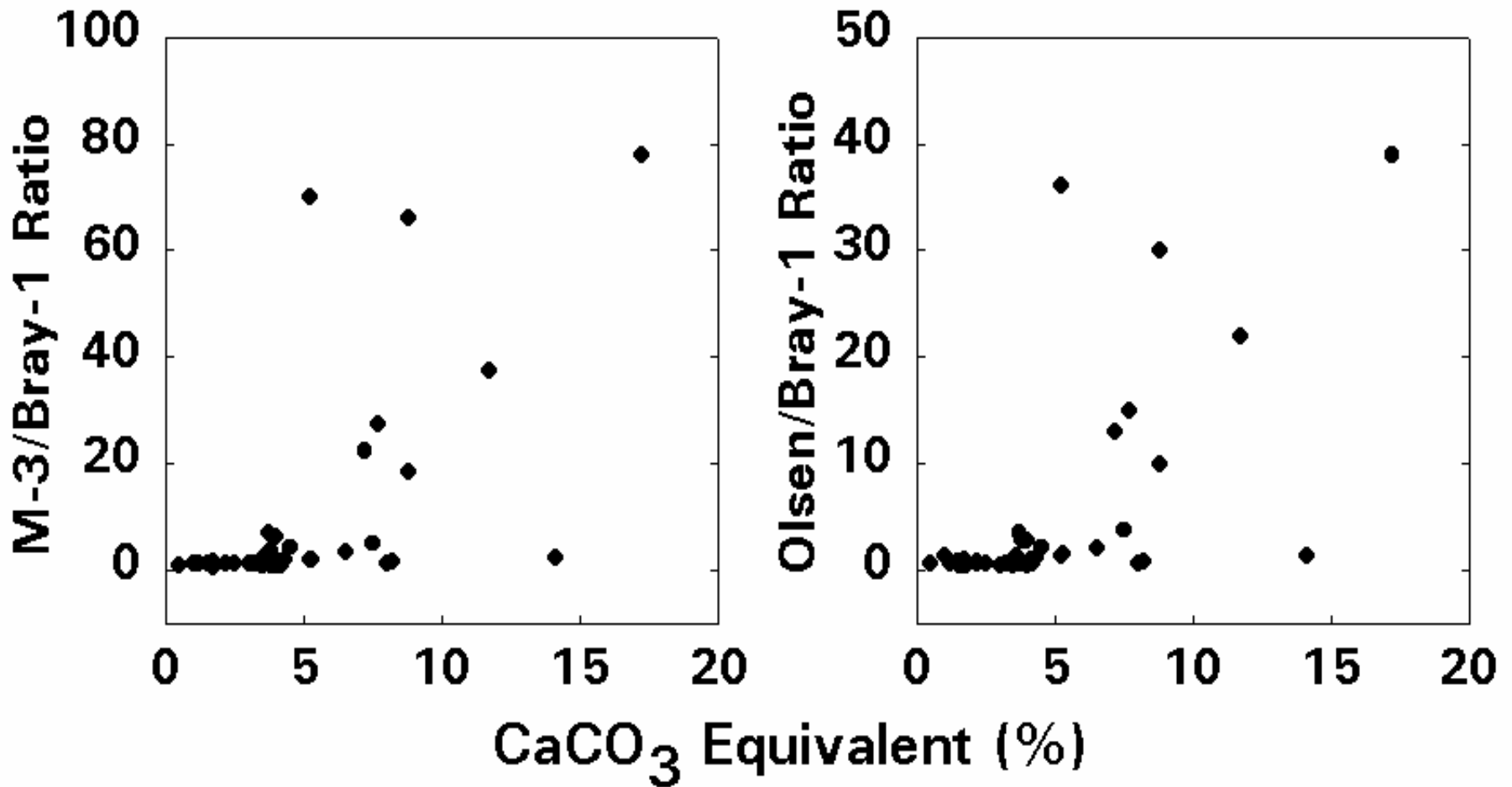
### SOILS OF pH 7.3 OR LOWER



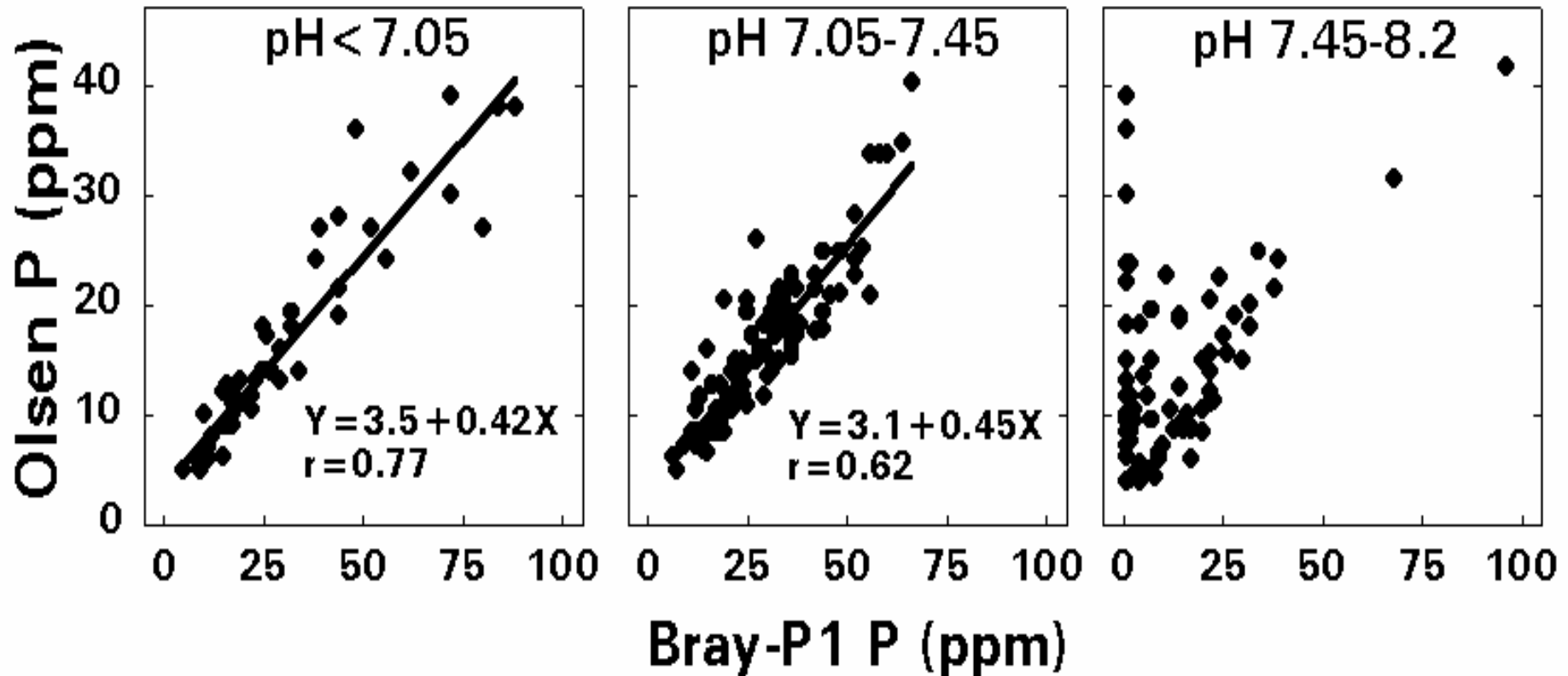
### SOILS OF pH 7.4 OR HIGHER



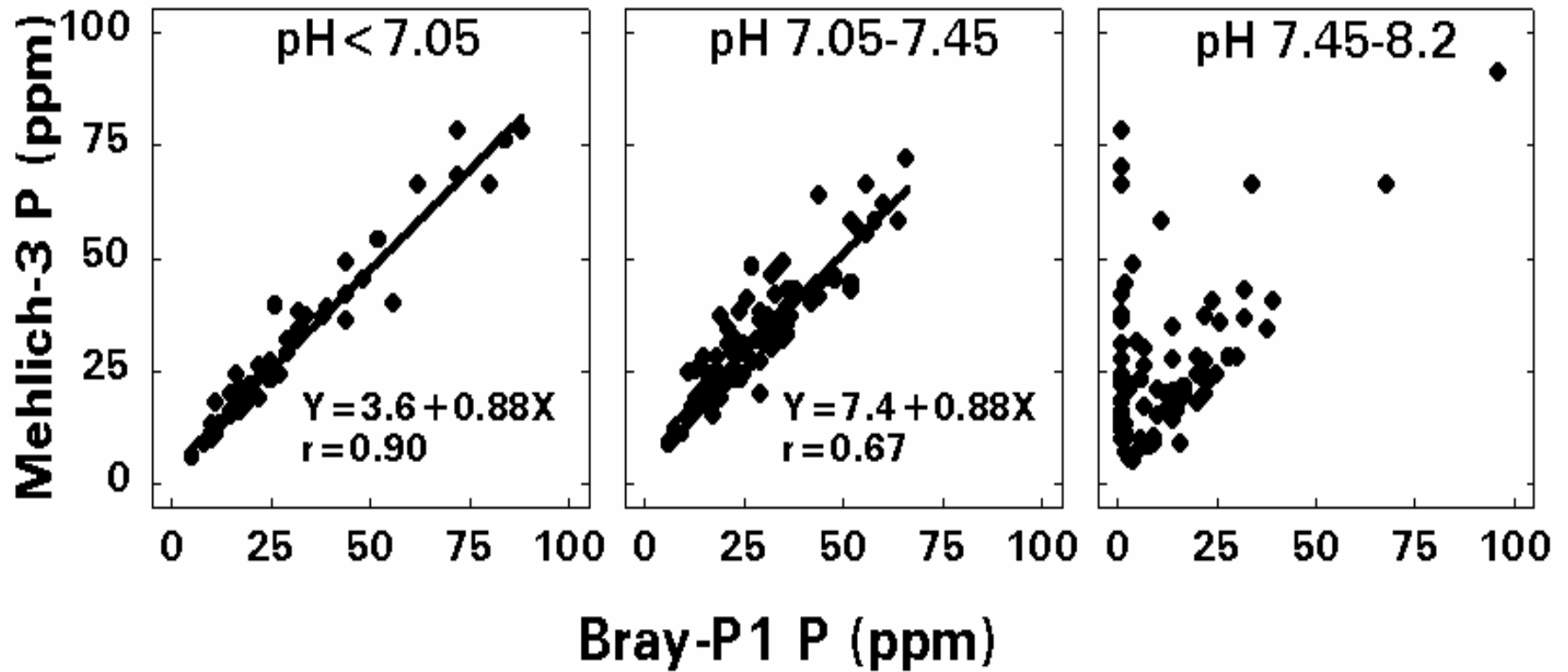
## EFFECT OF CALCAREOUS CONTENT



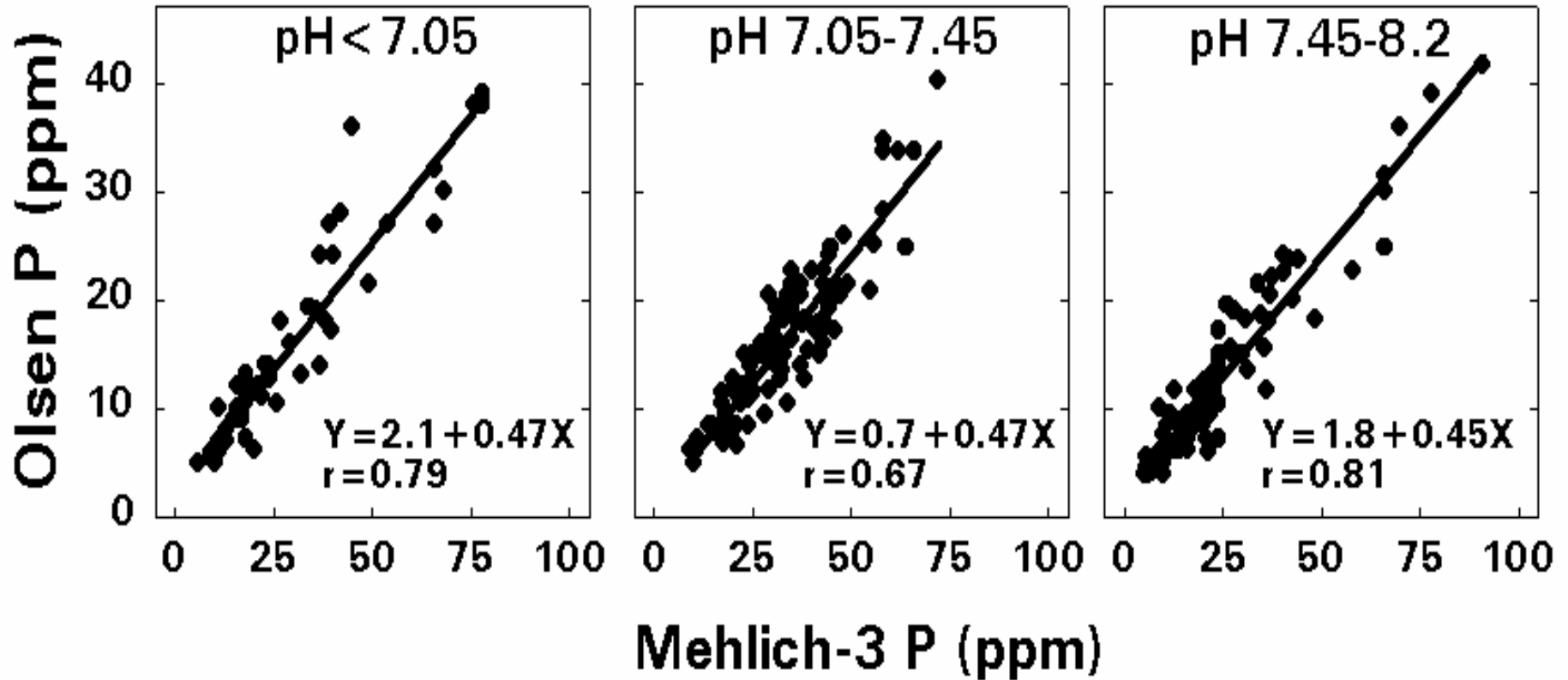
## 240 FARMERS' SAMPLES



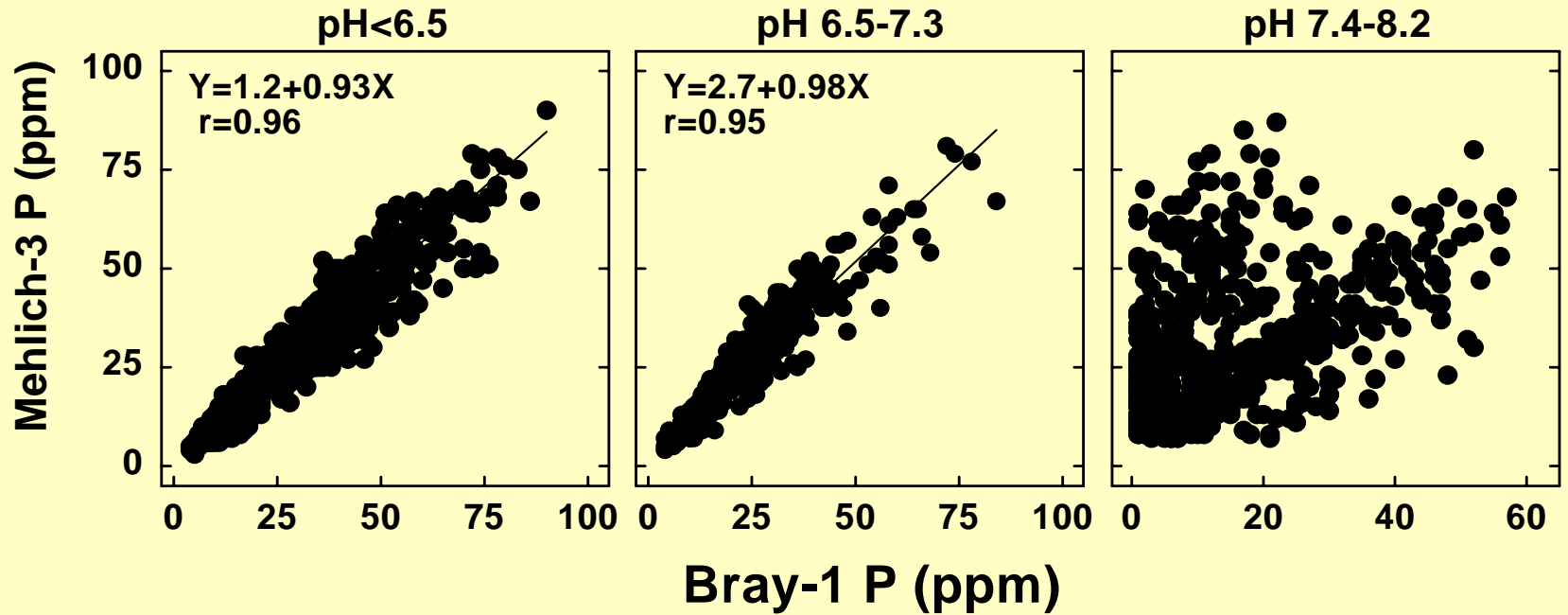
## 240 FARMERS' SAMPLES



## 240 FARMERS' SAMPLES

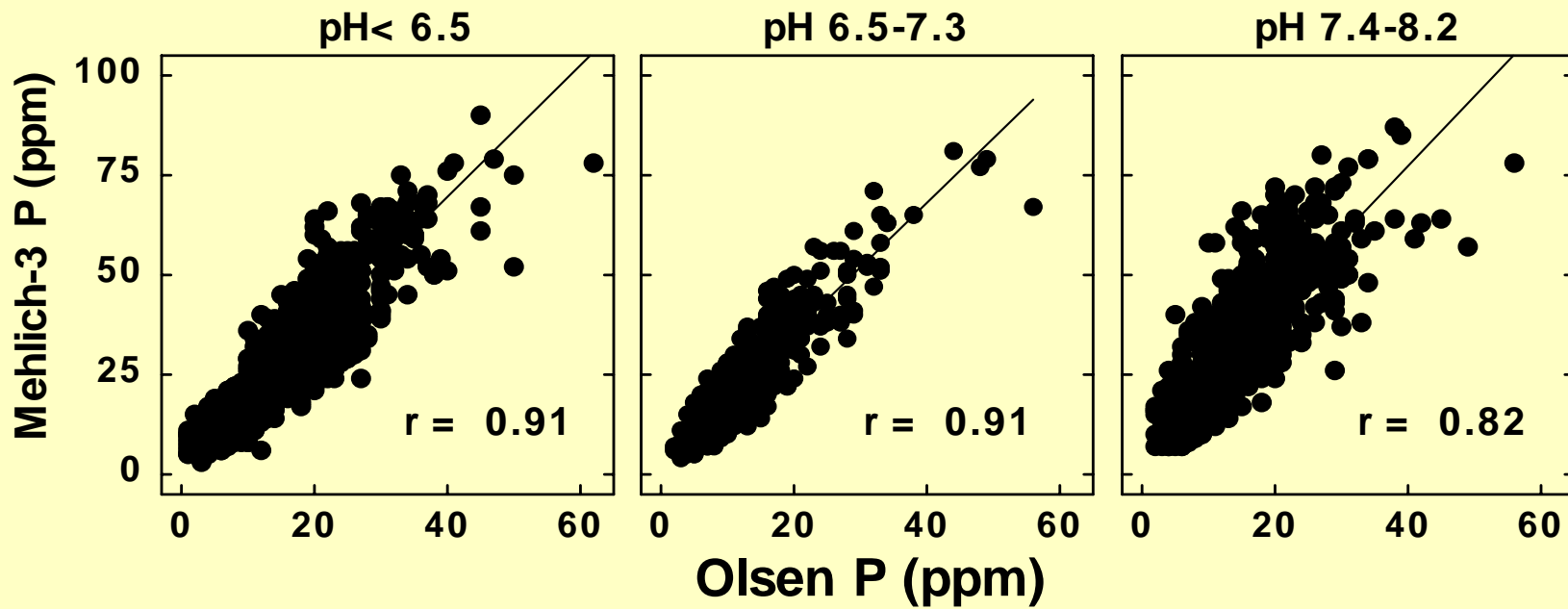


# 17 GRID-SAMPLED FIELDS, 2925 SAMPLES

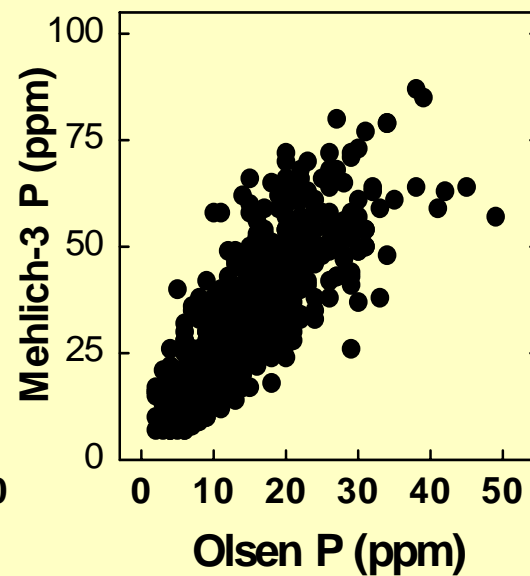
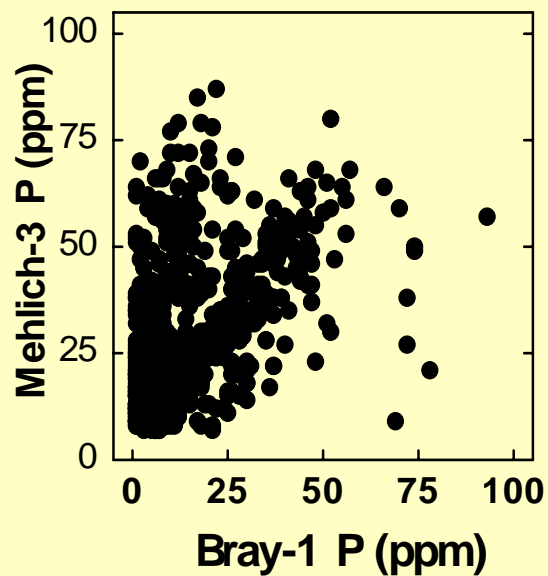
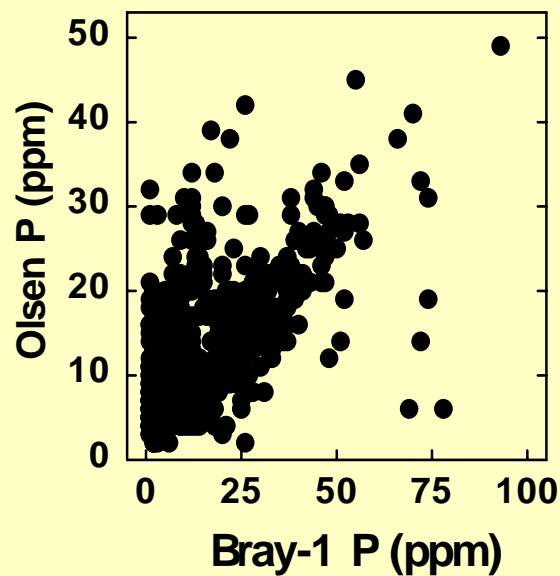




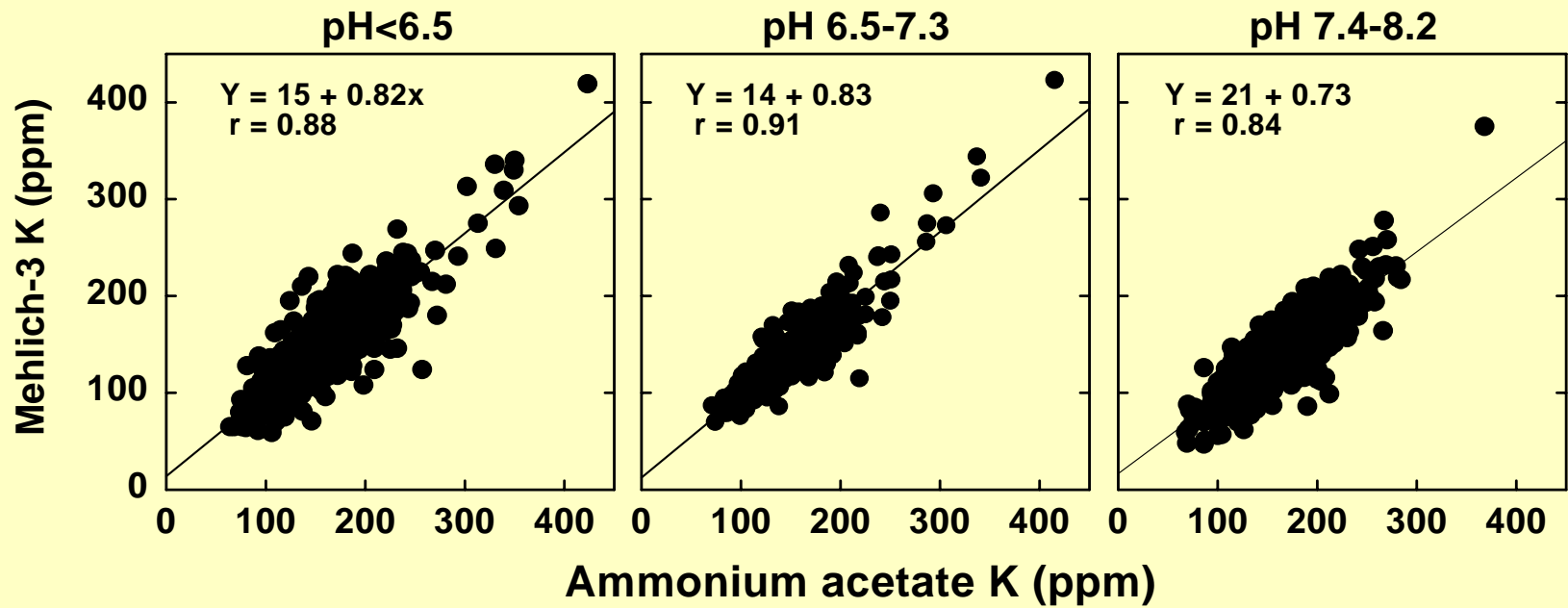
# 17 GRID-SAMPLED FIELDS, 2925 SAMPLES



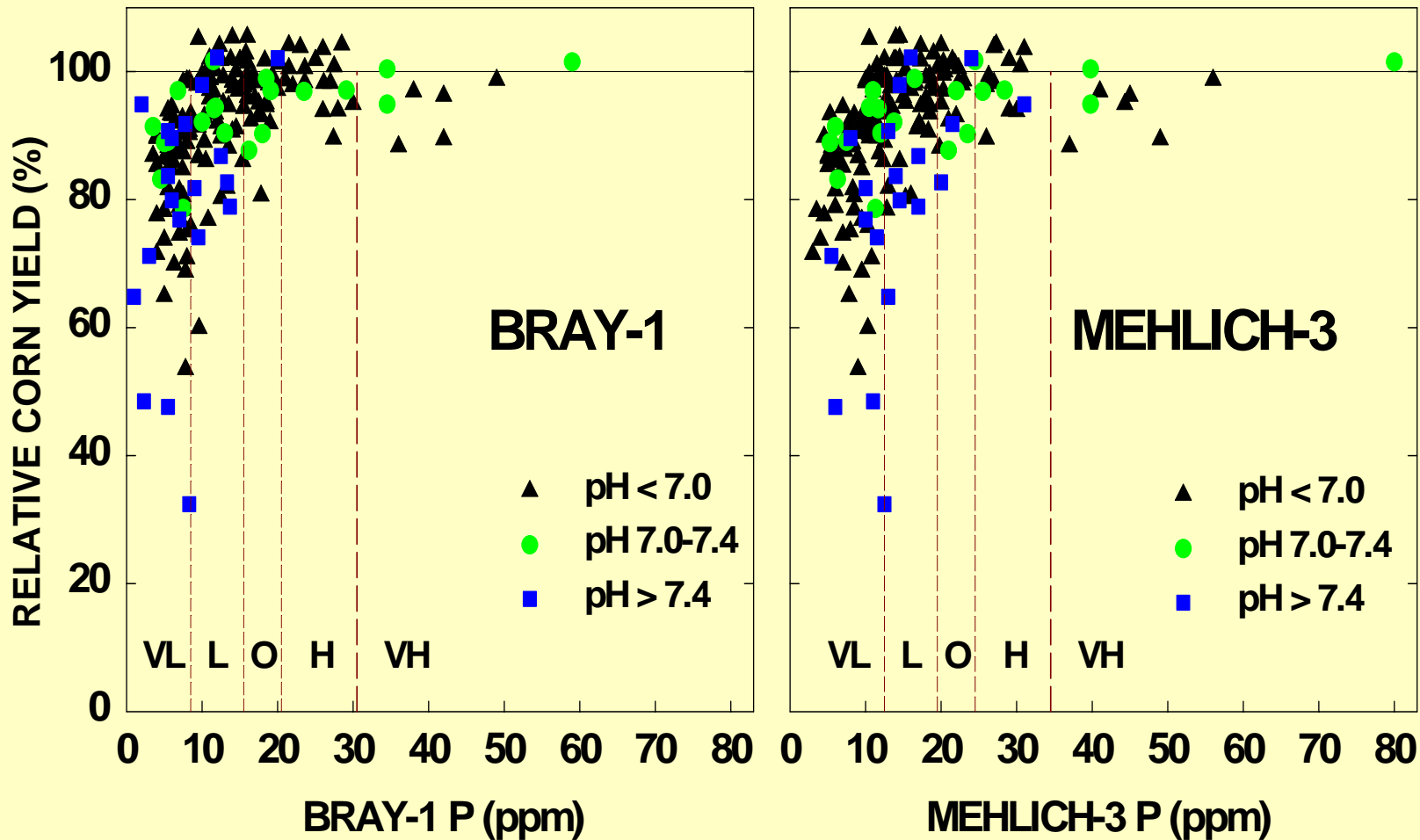
## 544 SAMPLES OF pH 7.4 TO 8.2

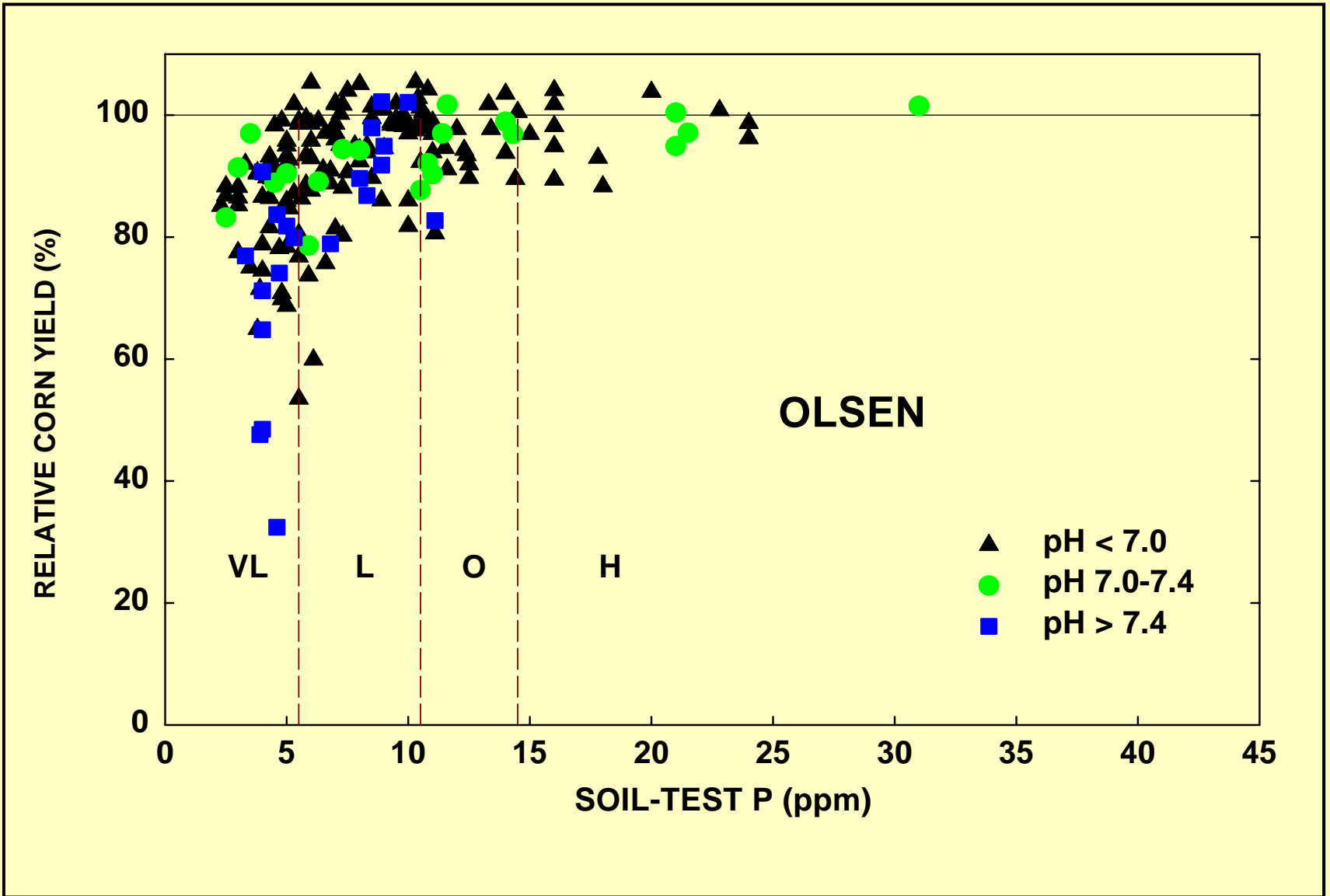


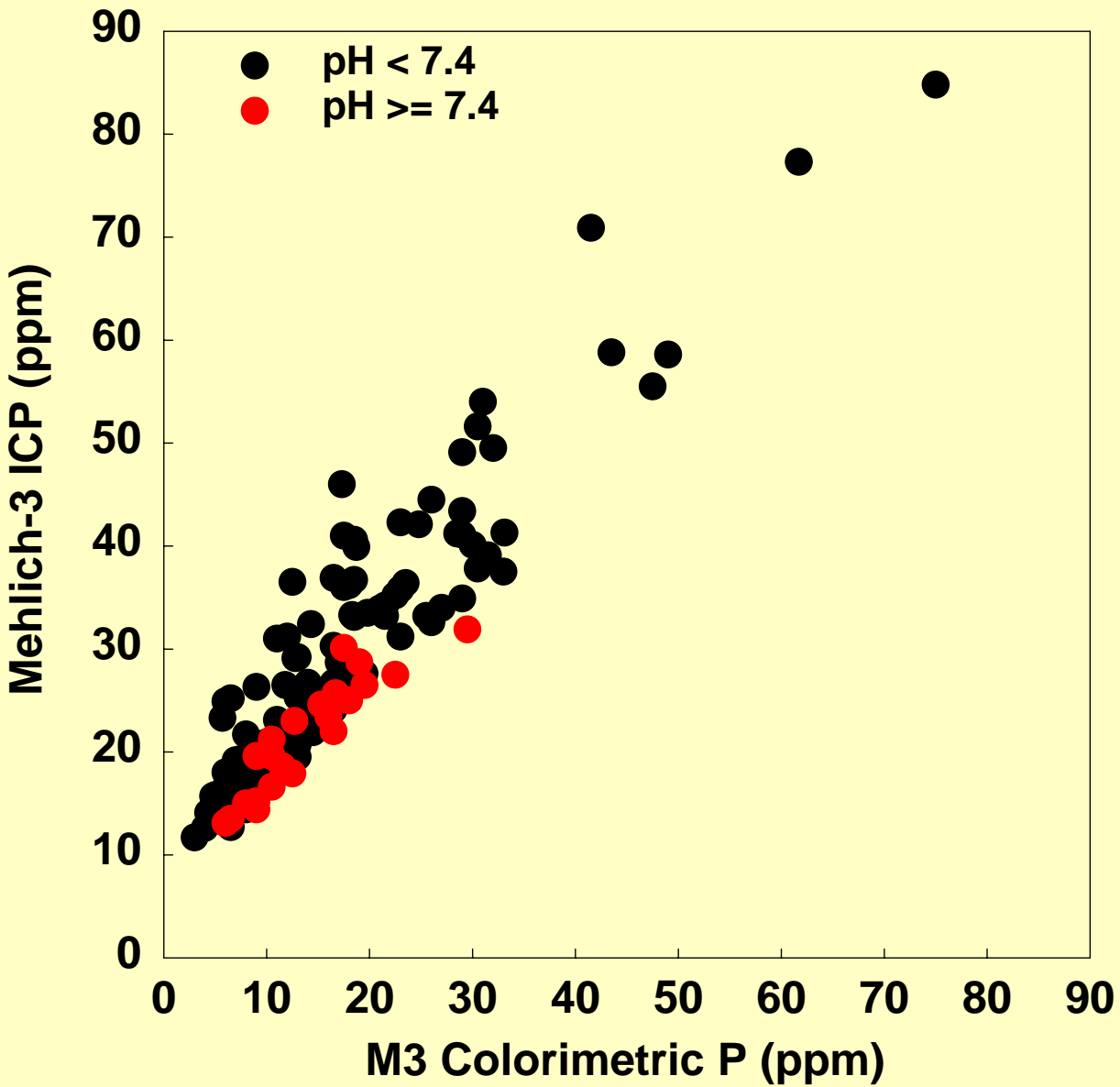
# 17 GRID-SAMPLED FIELDS, 2925 SAMPLES



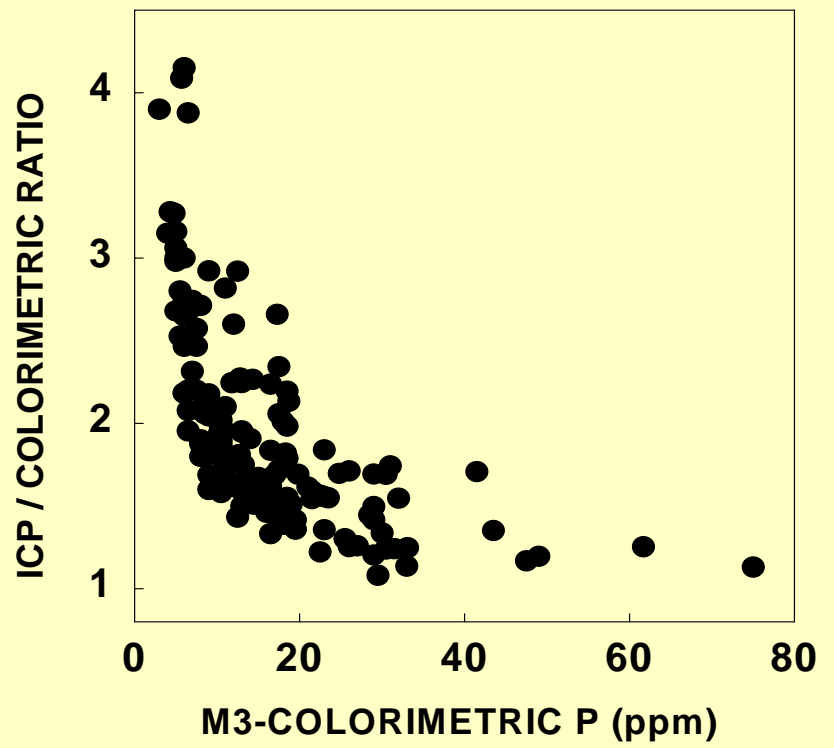
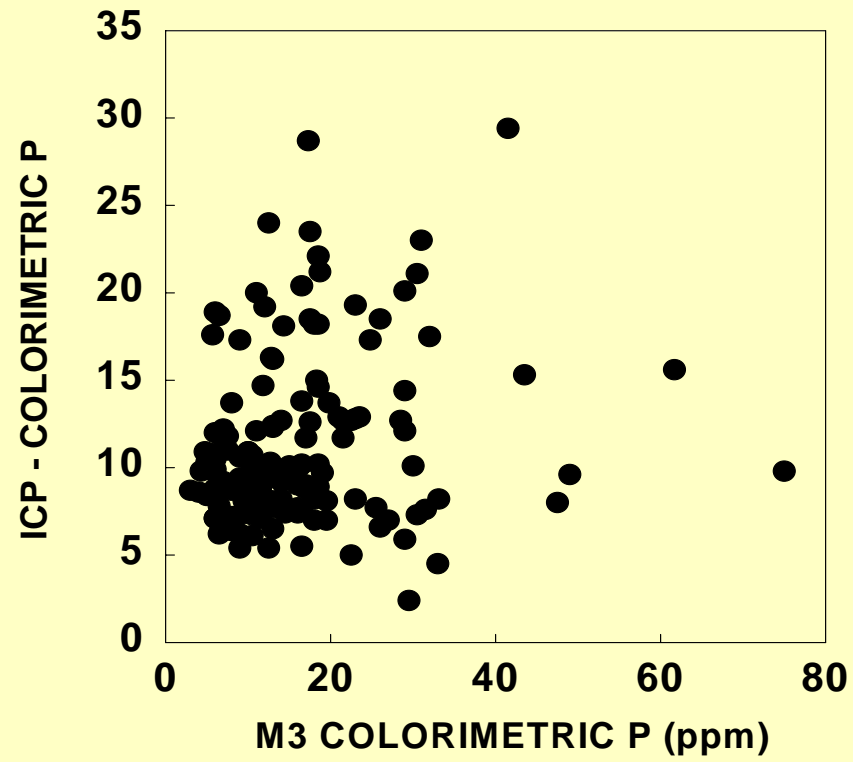
# CORRELATION WITH YIELD RESPONSE - ALL SOILS





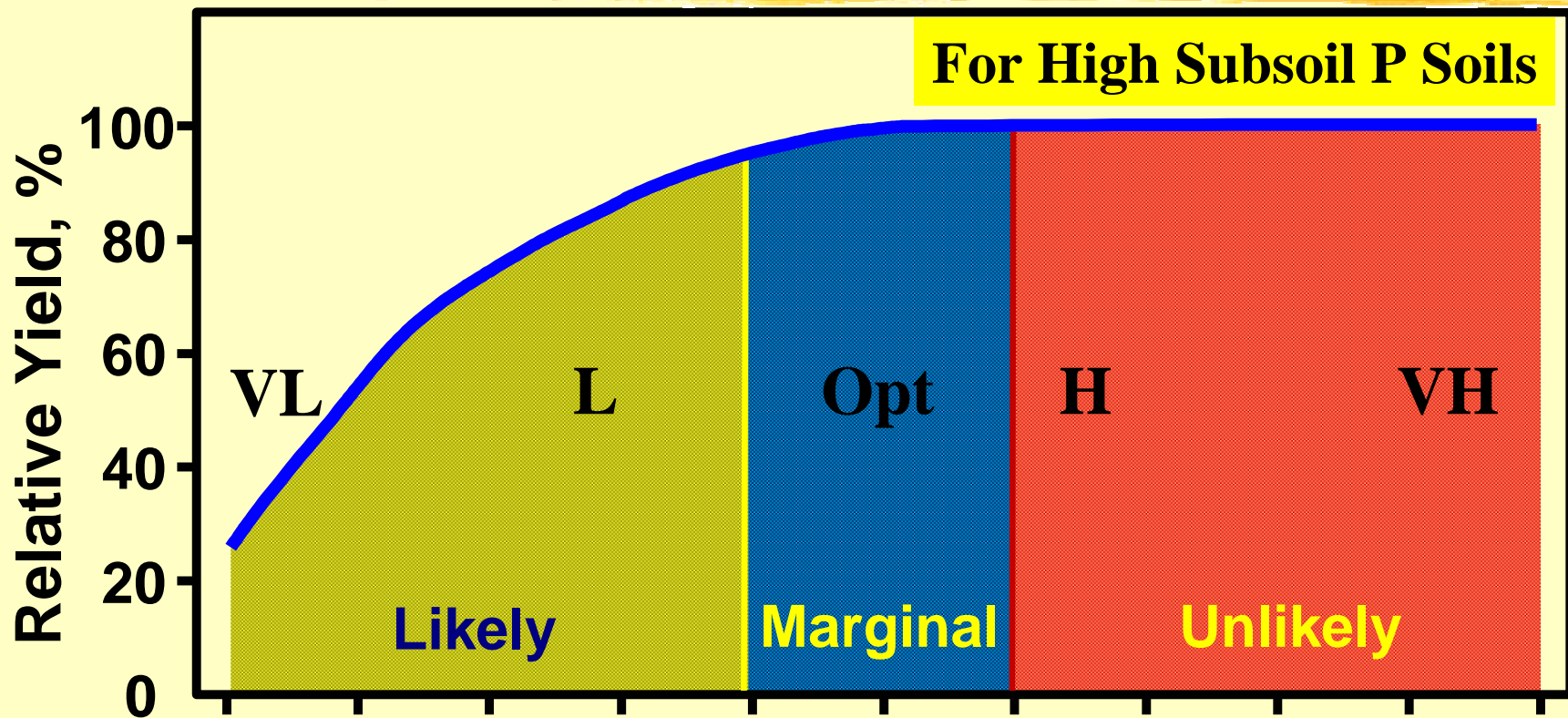


### COMPARISON OF ICP AND COLORIMETRIC P DETERMINATION



# Soil Test Interpretation

## Index of Availability and Crop Response

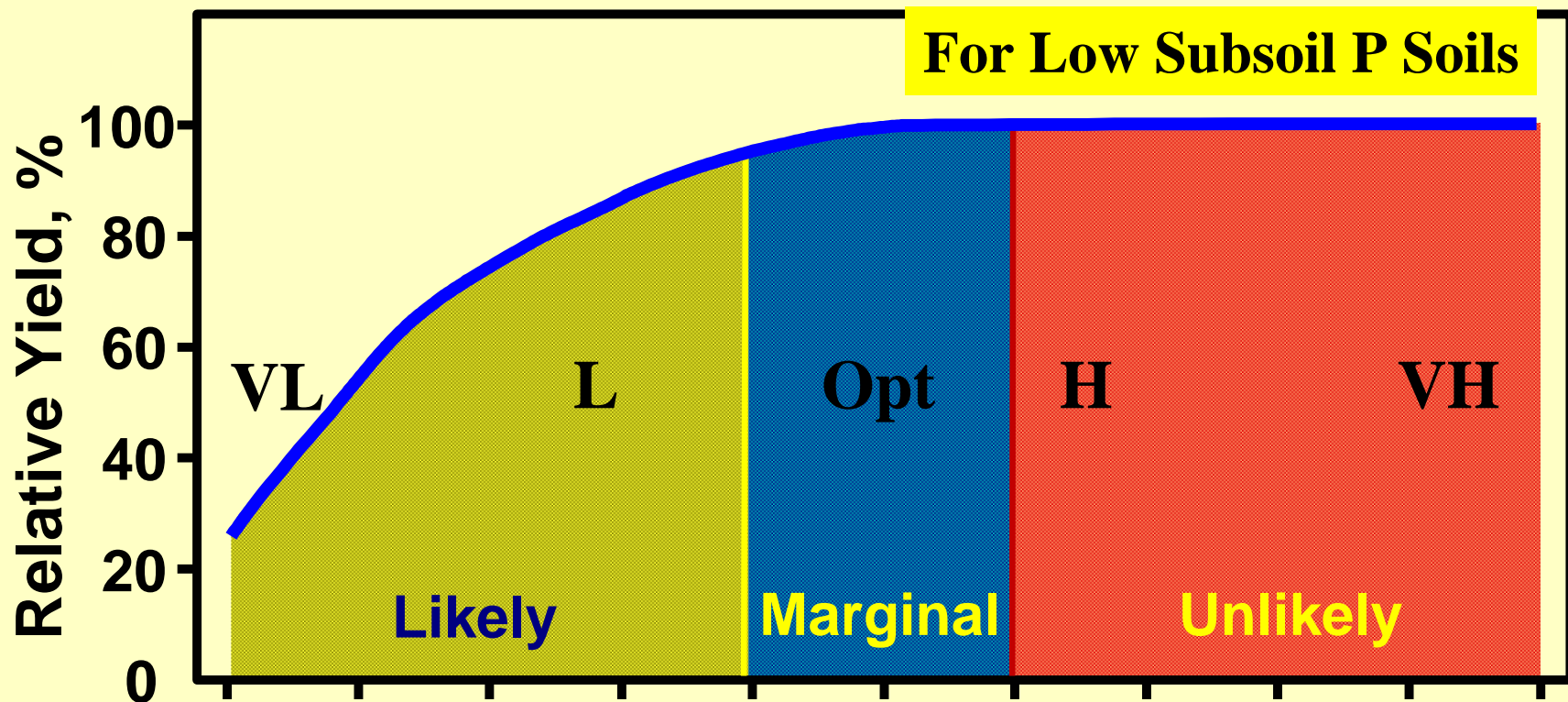


<b>Bray:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>21+</b>
<b>Mehlich 3:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>21+</b>
<b>Olsen:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>16+</b>



# Soil Test Interpretation

## Index of Availability and Crop Response



<b>Bray:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>31+</b>
<b>Mehlich 3:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>31+</b>
<b>Olsen:</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>21+</b>

# Iowa State University

## Interpretations for P Soil Tests

### Bray P<sub>1</sub> and Mehlich-3: Phosphorus (P)

Relative Level	Wheat Alfalfa	All crops except wheat and alfalfa	
		Subsoil P	
		Low	High
		ppm	
Very Low (VL)	0 – 15	0 – 8	0 – 5
Low (L)	16 – 20	9 – 15	6 – 10
Optimum (Opt)	21 – 25	16 – 20	11 – 15
High (H)	26 – 30	21 – 30	16 – 20
Very High (VH)	31 +	31 +	21 +

Pm-1688 General Guide for Crop Nutrient Recommendations in Iowa

# Iowa State University

## Interpretations for P Soil Tests

Relative Level	Olsen: Phosphorus (P)		
	Wheat Alfalfa	All crops except wheat and alfalfa	
	Subsoil P		
		Low	High
		ppm	
Very Low (VL)	0 – 10	0 – 5	0 – 3
Low (L)	11 – 14	6 – 10	4 – 7
Optimum (Opt)	15 – 17	11 – 14	8 – 11
High (H)	18 – 20	15 – 20	12 – 15
Very High (VH)	21 +	21 +	16 +

Pm-1688 General Guide for Crop Nutrient Recommendations in Iowa

# Iowa State University

## Subsoil P and K Determination

---

- **P -- Bray P-1 test**
  - ❖ **30 to 42 inch depth**
    - **Low  $\leq$  8 ppm**
    - **High  $\leq$  9 ppm**
  
- **K -- Ammonium acetate test**
  - ❖ **12 to 24 inch depth**
    - **Low  $\leq$  50 ppm**
    - **High  $\leq$  51 ppm**

# Iowa State P Interpretations and Recommendations for Corn Grain

		Phosphorus Soil Test (ppm)				
Soil Test Category:	Very Low	Low	Optimum*	High	Very High	
<b>Bray P<sub>1</sub> and Mehlich-3 P:</b>						
Low Subsoil P	0-8	9-15	16-20	21-30	31+	
High Subsoil P	0-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21+	
<b>Olsen P:</b>						
Low Subsoil P	0-5	6-10	11-14	15-20	21+	
High Subsoil P	0-3	4-7	8-11	12-15	16+	
<b>Mehlich-3 ICP:</b>						
Low Subsoil P	0-15	16-25	26-35	36-45	46+	
High Subsoil P	0-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41+	
		<b>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> to apply (lb/acre)</b>				
	<b>100</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	

PM-1688 General Guide for Crop Nutrient and Limestone Recommendations in Iowa

# Iowa State K Interpretations and Recommendations for Corn Grain

Potassium Soil Test (ppm)					
Soil Test Category:	Very Low	Low	Optimum*	High	Very High
<b>Ammonium Acetate and Mehlich-3 Extractable K:</b>					
Low Subsoil K	0-90	91-130	131-170	171-200	201+
High Subsoil K	0-70	71-110	111-150	151-180	181+
<b>K<sub>2</sub>O to apply (lb/acre)</b>					
Fine Textured	<b>130</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Sandy Textured	<b>110</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>


PM-1688 General Guide for Crop Nutrient and Limestone Recommendations in Iowa

# Current Iowa State University Suggestions on Use of P Soil Tests



- **Bray 1-P**
  - ❖ If soil pH is less than 7.4
- **Olsen**
  - ❖ If soil pH is above 7.4
  - ❖ If soil pH is above 5.0
- **Mehlich 3**
  - ❖ Any soil


# Mehlich 3 Extraction of Ca, Mg, K and Estimation of CEC



- **In acid and neutral soils**
  - ❖ **Similar to ammonium acetate extraction**
- **In calcareous soils**
  - ❖ **Not the same, especially for Ca**
  - ❖ **Same problem with CEC estimation as with ammonium acetate extraction**



# Mehlich 3 Extraction of Zn or Other Elements



- **Not recommended by NCR 13 committee**
- **Not recommended for use in Iowa**
  - ❖ **In Iowa -- still use DTPA extraction for Zn**